

## GOVERNMENT OF ZAMBIA

STATUTORY INSTRUMENT NO. 39 OF 2016

**The Provincial and District Boundaries Act**  
(Laws, Volume 16, Cap. 286)**The Provincial and District Boundaries  
(Division) (Amendment) Order, 2016**

IN EXERCISE of the powers contained in section *two* of the Provincial and District Boundaries Act, the following Order is made:

- |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                    |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1. This Order may be cited as the Provincial and District Boundaries (Division) (Amendment) Order, 2016, and shall be read as one with the Provincial and District Boundaries (Division) Order, 1996, in this Order referred to as the principal Order.                          | Title<br>S. I No 106<br>of 1996    |
| 2. The First Schedule to the principal Order is amended by the insertion under—<br><i>(a)</i> North-Western Province, of the following Districts:<br>Kalumbila District; and<br>Mushindamo District; and<br><i>(b)</i> Northern Province, of the following District: Senga Hill. | Amendment<br>of First<br>Schedule  |
| 3. The Second Schedule to the principal Order is amended—<br><i>(a)</i> by the deletion of the boundary descriptions of Solwezi and Mbala Districts; and<br><i>(b)</i> by the insertion, in the appropriate places, of the boundary description set out in the Appendix.         | Amendment<br>of Second<br>Schedule |

APPENDIX  
(Paragraph 3)

KALUMBILA DISTRICT

Starting at a point on the Road T5 Solwezi—Mwinilunga Road where that road crosses the Mutanda River, the Boundary runs down the Mutanda River to its confluence with Chikere River; thence up the Chikere River to its source; thence in a south-easterly direction to a point near the source of Kanungu River on UTM coordinates 429717 E, 8602571N; thence in a south-westerly direction to the source of Kamasanda River to its confluence with Kimakolongo River; thence down the Kimakolongo River to its confluence with Luma River; thence down the Luma River to its confluence with Mushishima River; thence in a southwesterly direction in a straight line to the source of Tunta Stream; thence in a westerly direction in a straight line to the source of the Chifuwe River; thence down the Chifuwe River to its confluence with Kabompo River; thence up the Kabompo River to its confluence with Ngohze stream; thence up the Ngohze Stream to its confluence with Manguma Stream; thence up the Manguma Stream to its source; thence in an easterly direction in a straight line to a point on the Zambia – Congo Democratic Republic International Boundary line between boundary Pillar BP 36/5 and Pillar BP 33/4; thence in a southerly direction for approximately 6 Kilometres to a point on the Mipopa Stream; thence alongside the eastern boundary of Acres National Forest No. 107; down the Mipopa river to its confluence with Mutanda River; thence down the Mutanda River to a point on UTM coordinates 403066E, 8672476N; thence in a south-easterly direction along the watershed between Solwezi River and Mutanda River to a point on the T5 Road; thence in a southerly direction for a distance of approximate 2 Kilometres to its junction with the Road R190; thence along the R190 road for a distance of approximately 11 Kilometres; thence in a southerly direction to the T5 road; thence along the T5 Road to a point where it crosses the Mutanda River, the point of starting.

MUSHINDAMO DISTRICT

Starting at a point on the Zambia—Congo Democratic Republic International Boundary nearest to the source of the Manguma Stream, the boundary follows the International Boundary line easterly to International Boundary Pillar BP26, thence in a westerly direction in a straight line to the source of an named tributary of the Chirema Stream; thence down this tributary to its confluence with Chirema Stream; thence down the Chirema Stream to its confluence with the Kafue River; thence in a north-westerly direction up the Kafue River to its confluence with the Mwitimpi Stream; thence up the Mwitimpi Stream to its source; thence in a south-westerly direction along the Munyonshi—Luswishi watershed to the point thereon nearest to the source of the Luswishi River on UTM coordinates 506442E, 8636624N; thence in a straight line to the source; thence southerly down the Luswishi River to its confluence with the Kashekeshe Stream; thence in a south-westerly direction up the Kashekeshe Stream to its source; thence in a southerly direction to the source of Chipupushi River; thence down the Chipupushi River to its confluence with an unnamed stream its tributary; thence up that tributary to its source; thence in a south-easterly direction to the source of the Chasangwa Stream; thence down the Chasangwa Stream to its confluence with the Kamena Stream; thence in an easterly by direction in a straight line to the source of the Chabanyama Stream; thence in a south-easterly direction down the Chabanyama Stream to its confluence with the Mushingashi River; thence down the Mushingashi River to its confluence with Masasa Stream; thence up the Masasa Stream to its source; thence due east in a straight line to a point on the watershed between Lunga and Luswishi Rivers; thence southerly along the watershed to a point due east of the source of the Chifukula Stream; thence in a straight line westerly to the source; thence down the Chifukula stream to its confluence with the Mushingashi River; thence southwards down the Mushingashi River to its confluence with the Lunga River; thence northerly up the Lunga River to its confluence with Mushishima River; thence up the Mushishima River to its confluence with Luma River; thence up the Luma River to its confluence with Kimakolongo River; thence up the Kimakolongo River to its confluence with Kamasanda River; thence up the Kamasanda River to its source; thence in a north- easterly direction to a point on UTM coordinates 420850E, 8633508N, thence in a north-easterly direction to the

source of Kichile River; thence down the Kichile River to its confluence with Lunga River; thence up the Lunga River to its confluence with Kamalunga River; thence up the Kamalunga River to its confluence; thence in a north-westerly direction to the peak on the Luamala Hill; thence in a northerly direction along the watershed of Ngovwa River and Kapundangomba River to the Trigonometric station ZP/253 on Kifubwa Hill; thence northerly direction to the Zambia – Congo Democratic Republic International Boundary line between Pillar BP31/1 and BP31; thence along the International Boundary line to the International Boundary Pillar BP 26, the point of starting.

#### SOLWEZI DISTRICT

Starting at a point on the Road T5 Solwezi —Mwinilunga Road where the T5 Road crosses the Lunga River, the Boundary runs in a southerly direction down the Lunga River to its confluence with Kichile River; thence up the Kichile River to its source; thence in a south westerly direction for a distance of approximately 5 Kilometres on UTM coordinates 429717E, 8602571N; thence in a north-westerly direction to the source of Chikore River; thence down the Chikore River to its confluence with Mutanda River ; thence up the Mutanda River to a point where the Road T5 (Solwezi – Mwinilunga Road) crosses the Mutanda River; thence in a north-easterly direction along the T5 Road for a distance of approximate 3.5 Kilometres; thence in a easterly direction to a point on UTM coordinates 420850 E, 8633508N; thence further northerly direction in a straight line to join the Road R190 thence along the Road R190 in a northerly direction to its junction with T5 Road ,thence in a north- easterly direction for a distance of a 2 Kilometres; thence in a northerly direction along the watershed between Solwezi River and Mutanda River in a northerly direction to a point on the Mutanda River on UTM coordinates 403066E ,8672476N; thence down the Mutanda River to its confluence with Mipopo River; thence up the Mipopo River for a distance of approximately 9 Kilometres ; thence in a north-westerly direction to a point on the Zambia–Congo Democratic Republic International Boundary line between Pillar BP 33/4 and PB 33/5; thence along the International Boundary line to a point between the International Boundary Pillars BP 31 and BP 31/1; thence in a southerly direction to Trigonometric Station ZP253 on Kifubwa Hill; thence south-easterly direction along the watershed of Ngovwa River and Kapundangombe River to the peak of Luamala Hill near the source of Kamalunga River; thence down the Kamalunga River to its confluence with Lunga River; thence down the Lunga River to a point where the T5 Road crosses the Lunga River, the point of starting.

#### SENGA HILL

Starting at the International Boundary Beacon B562 on the Zambia—Tanzania International Boundary, the boundary runs southerly to the source of the Chitene River; thence down the Chitene River to its confluence with the Mukalizi River; thence down this river to its confluence with the Chozi River; thence down the Chozi River to its confluence with the Ntumba River; thence up the Ntumba River to its source; thence southwesterly for approximately 2.5 kilometres to the source of the Ikuwa Stream; thence down this stream to its confluence with the Kabisha River; thence down this river to its confluence with the Imambwe Stream; thence up the Imambwe Stream to its source; thence northwesterly for approximately 3 kilometres to the source of the Chatukila Stream; thence down this stream to its confluence with the Chambeshi River; thence down the Chambeshi River to its confluence with the Luela River; thence up this river to its most westerly source; thence northwesterly for approximately 4 kilometres to the source of the Chianga Stream; to its confluence with Luombe River thence down the Luombe River to its confluence with the Mwiluzi River; thence up the Mwiluzi River to its confluence with the Kasingashi Stream; thence up this stream to its source near the D19 Road; thence westerly along the D19 road for a distance of approximately 14 kilometres to a point where the D19 Road crosses the Chalankanda Stream; thence down the Chalankanda Stream to its confluence with Lufubu River; thence down the Lufubu River to its confluence with Luchenche River; thence up the Luchenche River to its confluence with Chifimba River; thence up the Chifimba River to its confluence with Chiku River; thence up the Chiku River to its source; thence in an easterly direction to a point on UTM coordinates 294893E, 8960730N; thence in a north-easterly direction

for a distance of approximate 4 Kilometres to a point on the RD 14 Road; thence in a westerly direction for a distance of approximate 2 kilometres; thence in a north-easterly direction to the source of Musombizi River; thence down the Musombizi River to its confluence with Chambeshi River; thence in a northeasterly direction between the watershed of Sambwe River and Chisasa River for a distance of approximate 12 Kilometres; thence in a westerly direction for a distance of approximate 6 Kilometres; thence along the watershed of Chambeshi River and Mpando River for a distance of approximate 24 kilometres passing through Chanya Hills to a point on the D1 Road; thence in an easterly direction along the D1 Road for a distance of approximate 36 Kilometres to a point on UMT coordinates 372193E, 8997351N; thence in a northerly direction to source of Kasakolwe River; thence down the Kasakolwe River to its confluence with Saisi River on the Zambia – Tanzania International Boundary line; thence along this International Boundary to the International Boundary Beacon B562, the point of starting.

MBALA

Starting at the confluence of Musombizi River and Panga River, the boundary runs up the Panga River to its source near the Musanza Escarpment; thence in a north-westerly direction to the source of Chilungu River; thence down the Chilungu River to its confluence with Mululwe River; thence down the Mululwe River to its confluence with Kaulu River; thence up the Kaulu River to its source; thence in a northerly direction to a point on the RD 2 Road; thence in a westerly direction along this road to a point where this road crosses the Lunzua River; thence down the Lunzua River for a distance of approximate 8 Kilometres; thence in an easterly direction for a distance of approximate 2 Kilometres joining the Road M2 (MbalaMpulungu Road); thence along this road in an easterly direction for a distance of approximately 5 Kilometres to its junction with an unnamed road (1 Kilometre south of Trust Land No. XX11); thence in a northerly direction along this road to a point on the Mwambezi River; thence up the Mwambezi River for a distance of 9 Kilometres to its junction with an unnamed stream; thence up this Stream to for a distance of approximately 3 Kilometres; thence in a north-easterly direction in a straight line to a point on the Lucheche River; thence down the Lucheche River to the shores of Lake Tanganyika; thence along the shores of this lake in a northeasterly direction to the estuary of Kalambo River on the International Boundary of Zambia Tanzania International Boundary; thence along this International Boundary line to a point on the confluence of Saisi River and Kasokolwa river on the Zambia Tanzania International Boundary; thence up the Kasokolwa River to its source; thence in a southerly direction to a point on the D1 Road; thence in a westerly direction along this road for a distance of approximately 36 Kilometres to a point on UTM coordinates 372193E, 8997351N on this road; thence in a south-westerly direction passing through Chanya Hills along the watershed of Chambeshi River and Mpando River for a distance of approximately 24 Kilometres to a point on UTM coordinates 331912E, 8974146N in an easterly direction of Chisasa river; thence in a southwesterly direction to the confluence of Chambeshi River and Musombizi River; thence up the Musombizi River to its confluence with Panga River the point of starting.

LUSAKA

26th May, 2016

[MLGH.101/8/3]

EDGAR C. LUNGU,

*President*